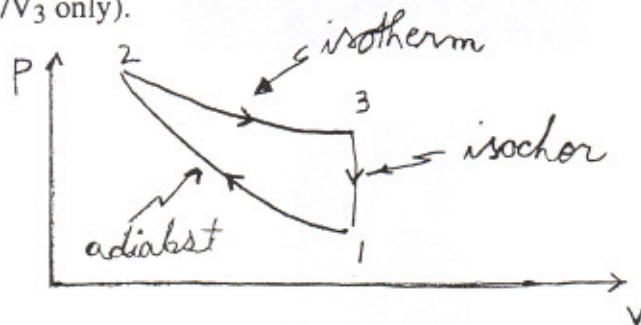


## Thermodynamics

- 30 pts.** 1) Assuming that the working gas is an ideal gas with temperature-independent heat capacities, find the efficiency  $\eta$  of the following cycle. Express the final answer for  $\eta$  in terms of  $\gamma$  (the heat capacity ratio) and  $V_2/V_3$  only).



- 30 pts.** 2) A mass  $m$  of water at temperature  $T_1$  is mixed with an equal mass of water at temperature  $T_2$ . The two masses of water form an isolated system. Assume a constant specific heat  $C_p$ . Calculate the final temperature of the total system and the entropy change of the total system.
- 40 pts.** 3) A certain solid can exist in two phases at low temperatures. At normal pressure (1 atm), the chemical potentials  $\mu_i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ) of the two phases have the form

$$\mu_i = a_i - b_i T^2 - c_i T^4, \quad i = 1, 2$$

where the coefficients  $a_1 = 3.5 \text{ J/g}$ ,  $a_2 = 0.5 \text{ J/g}$ ,  $b_1 = 4 \text{ J/gK}^2$ ,  $b_2 = 2 \text{ J/gK}^2$ ,  $c_1 = 2 \text{ J/gK}^4$ , and  $c_2 = 1 \text{ J/gK}^4$ .

- (20 pts.) (a) Find the temperature  $T_c$  of the phase transition. Indicate which phase is stable below  $T_c$  and which phase is stable above  $T_c$ . Why?
- (10 pts.) (b) Calculate the latent heat of this transition? Based on your result, is this transition first or second order? Why?
- (10 pts.) (c) Calculate the specific heat jump  $\Delta C_p$  at  $T_c$ .